Tori Hunthausen, Legislative Auditor Monica Huyg, Legal Counsel



Deputy Legislative Auditors James Gillett Angie Grove

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Legislative Audit Committee of the Montana State Legislature:

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Net Assets of the Montana Board of Housing, a component unit of the state of Montana, as of June 30, 2008, and 2007, and the related Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets, and Statement of Cash Flows for each of the fiscal years then ended. The information contained in these financial statements is the responsibility of the board's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Montana Board of Housing as of June 30, 2008, and 2007, and the results of its operations and cash flows for each of the fiscal years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying Management's Discussion and Analysis, and the Schedule of Funding Progress are not a required part of the financial statements, but supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The Combining Statement of Net Assets as of June 30, 2008, with comparative totals as of June 30, 2007,

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and the related Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets and Combining Statement of Cash Flows for the fiscal years then ended, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements of the Montana Board of Housing. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ James Gillett

James Gillett, CPA Deputy Legislative Auditor

November 5, 2008

Montana Board of Housing A Component Unit of the State of Montana Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2008

The following information presents our discussion and analysis of the Board of Housing's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. Please read this section in conjunction with the financial statements and accompanying notes.

Financial Summary

- > 1,611 single-family mortgages were originated for \$202 million.
- > \$2,325,000 of Low Income Tax Credits were allocated providing approximately \$21 million of equity to produce or preserve 204 units of affordable rental housing.
- > 22 new Reverse Annuity Mortgage (RAM) Loans were originated bringing the total active RAM loans to 90. Since its inception the RAM program has assisted 166 elderly households.
- > Total debt increased by \$109 million.
- > Total debt retired was \$76 million.
- > Total outstanding debt increased from \$917 million to \$949 million.
- > Net Assets increased by \$7 million during the 2008 fiscal year (see Condensed Financial Information on the following page)

Overview of the Financial Statements

The MBOH is a self-supporting entity using no Montana state government general fund appropriations to operate. The MBOH is classified as an enterprise fund, that is, a fund which is financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise.

The Net Assets – Restricted for Bondholders represent bond program funds that are pledged as collateral for the bondholders and are restricted by federal tax law to costs directly related to carrying out qualifying housing programs, qualifying mortgages or paying off bonds. These funds are therefore not available for use for other activities.

The financial statements are designed to provide the stakeholders of the MBOH, citizens, taxpayers, legislatures, customers, clients, investors and creditors, with an overview of the MBOH finances and to demonstrate accountability for the resources with which MBOH is entrusted.

Montana Board of Housing

Condensed Financial Information

Change in Net Assets and Operating Income Years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006

•			2008	2007	2006
Assets:					
Current Assets	(1)	\$	158,944,697	\$ 233,646,575	\$ 203,133,566
Noncurrent Assets	(2)		947,175,785	 833,539,558	\$ 745,299,548
Total Assets		.\$	1,106,120,482	\$ 1,067,186,133	\$ 948,433,114
Liabilities:					·
Current Liabilities		\$	19,858,301	\$ 17,139,993	\$ 15,034,303
Noncurrent Liabilities	(3)		933,167,058	903,808,300	\$ 793,399,678
Total Liabilities		\$	953,025,359	\$ 920,948,293	\$ 808,433,981
Net Assets:				•	÷
Invested in Capital Assets		\$	37,266	\$ 52,210	\$ 55,004
Restricted	(4)		153,057,857	146,185,630	\$ 139,944,129
Total Net Assets		\$	153,095,123	\$ 146,237,840	\$ 139,999,133
Operating Revenue:					
Interest on Loans	(5)	\$	49,778,839	\$ 44,069,482	\$ 38,553,706
Earnings from Investments			10,463,665	10,523,898	\$ 6,620,427
Fees and Charges			808,702	 759,513	\$ 980,177_
Total Operating Revenue		\$	61,051,206	\$ 55,352,893	\$ 46,154,310
Operating Expenses:					
Bond Expenses	(6)	\$	47,688,350	\$ 43,462,165	\$ 38,883,157
Servicing Fees			3,229,345	2,860,236	\$ 2,534,835
General and Administrative			3,276,228	 2,791,514	\$ 2,685,985
Total Expenses		\$	54,193,923	\$ 49,113,915	\$ 44,103,977
Operating Income		\$	6,857,283	\$ 6,238,978	\$ 2,050,333
Payment to Primary Government				(271)	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets		\$	6,857,283	\$ 6,238,707	\$ 2,050,333
Net Assets, Beginning of Year			146,237,840	139,999,133	137,960,360
Prior Period Adjustment			. 0	 0	\$ (11,560)
Net Assets, End of Year		\$	153,095,123	\$ 146,237,840	\$ 139,999,133

Discussion of Changes between 2008 and 2007

- (1) Current assets decreased by \$59 million between 2008 and 2007 because in 2007 the Board was holding unexpended 2007B bond proceeds as current assets. The Board was not holding comparable amounts of bond proceeds in 2008.
- (2) Mortgages Receivable increased \$98 million between years causing the increase in noncurrent assets.
- (3) Noncurrent Liabilities increased \$29 million which is wholly attributable to increased Bonds Payable amount caused by the board issuing new bonds during the year. Financial Statement Note 8 contains details.
- (4) Restricted Net Assets increased \$5.7 million due to the value of mortgage loans and investments being greater than the associated bond debt.
- (5) Mortgage Loan Interest increased \$5.7 million primarily due to a larger loan portfolio than 2007.
- (6) Bond Expenses and Servicing Fees increased due the greater number of bonds issued and outstanding and the greater number of mortgages being serviced.

MONTANA BOARD OF HOUSING A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF MONTANA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS AS OF JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007

	FY 2008	FY 2007
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,878,306	\$ 13,817,978
Investments	128,050,708	198,334,275
Mortgage Loans Receivable	20,432,403	16,178,048
Interest Receivable	5,277,600	5,241,313
Due from Primary Government	0,277,000	8,232
Due from Other Governments	9,762	1,525
Security Lending Collateral	41,101	, 1,020
Prepaid Expense	•	65 204
Total Current Assets	254,817 \$ 158,944,697	\$ 233,646,575
Total Cullent Assets	\$ 100,944,09 <i>1</i>	\$ 233,040,373
Noncurrent Assets		
	e 05 050 000	e 00.050.004
Investments	\$ 35,650,009	\$ 23,059,234
Mortgage Loans Receivable	898,951,454	799,347,698
Mortgage Backed Securities	3,763,459	2,361,544
Deferred Bond Issuance Costs, Net	8,773,597	8,718,872
Capital Assets, Net	37,266	52,210
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$ 947,175,785	\$ 833,539,558
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,106,120,482	\$ 1,067,186,133
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$ 851,844	\$ 563,873
Due to Primary Government	9,210	19,158
Security Lending Liability	41,101	-
Property Held in Trust	•	-
Accrued Interest - Bonds Payable	4,124,429	4,165,248
Bonds Payable, Net	14,230,000	11,735,000
Arbitrage Rebate Payable to U.S.	, = = + , + + +	, ,
Treasury Department	544,044	590,054
Accrued Compensated Absences	57,673	66,660
Total Current Liabilities	\$ 19,858,301	\$ 17,139,993
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Noncurrent Liabilities	•	
Bonds Payable, Net	\$ 935,170,970	\$ 905,594,144
Deferred Refunding Costs	(2,489,912)	(2,475,726)
Arbitrage Rebate Payable to U.S.	(2,400,012)	(2,410,120)
Treasury Department	332,471	606,900
Accrued Compensated Absences	110,788	
Other Post Employment Benefits		82,982
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	42,741	¢ 002 909 200
rotal Noncurrent Liabilities	\$ 933,167,058	\$ 903,808,300
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 953,025,359	\$ 920,948,293
TO THE EMPIRITIES	Ψ 000,020,000	Ψ 020,040,200
		•
NET ASSETS		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net	\$ 37,266	\$ 52,210
Restricted for Bondholders:	V 0.,200	Ψ 02,210
Unrealized (losses) gains on investments	1,617,070	583,279
Single Family Programs	113,239,850	101,362,438
Various Recycled Mortgage Programs	19,614,454	23,152,201
Multifamily Programs	10,366,037	10,339,931
Multifamily Project Commitments	210,834	216,412
Reverse Annuity Mortgage Program	5,394,658	7,658,025
Restricted for Housing Montana Progam	2,614,954	2,873,344
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 153,095,123	\$ 146,237,840

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

MONTANA BOARD OF HOUSING A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF MONTANA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007

	FY 2008	FY 2007
OPERATING REVENUES		
Interest Income - Mortgage Loans	\$ 49,778,839	\$ 44,069,482
Interest Income - Investments	9,429,871	11,546,853
Fee Income	283,404	316,117
Federal Financial Assistance	522,926	379,045
Net Increase (Decrease)		
in Fair Value of Investments	1,033,793	(1,022,965)
Other Income	846	64,270
Securities Lending Gross Income	1,527	91
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 61,051,206	\$ 55,352,893
OPERATING EXPENSES		•
	¢ 46 007 924	\$ 41,455,972
Interest on Bonds	\$ 46,097,834	
Servicer Fees	3,229,345	2,860,236
Contracted Services	1,297,006	1,144,148
Amortization of Bond Issuance Costs	766,051	1,058,667
General and Administrative	1,935,286	1,647,275
Arbitrage Rebate Expense	237,340	356,308
Loss on Redemption	587,125	591,218
Securities Lending Expense	1,195	91
Other Post-Employment Benefits	42,741	
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 54,193,923	\$ 49,113,915
Operating Income (Loss) Before Transfers	6,857,283	6,238,978
Payment to Primary Government		(271)
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	\$ 6,857,283	6,238,707
Net Assets, Beginning of Year Prior Period Adjustment	146,237,840	139,999,133
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 153,095,123	\$ 146,237,840

The accompanying notes are an intergral part of these financial statements.

MONTANA BOARD OF HOUSING A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF MONTANA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007

	2008		2007
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITY			
Receipts for Sales and Services	\$ 252,220	\$	311,222
Collections on Loans and Interest on Loans	154,621,836		143,401,084
Cash payments for Loans	(207,449,016)		(191,659,532)
Federal Financial Assistance Receipts	522,029		377,519
Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(4,954,533)		(4,454,975)
Payments to Employees	(1,171,435)		(954,809)
Other Operating Revenues	37,882	_	70,723
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (58,141,017)	\$	(52,908,768)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Payment of Principal and Interest on Bonds and Notes	\$ (124,054,624)	\$	(173,406,804)
Proceeds from Issuance of Bonds and Notes	107,632,987		239,910,000
Payment of Bond Issuance Costs	(646,059)		(2,565,797)
Premium Paid on Refunding Bonds	·		4,942,494
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	\$ (17,067,696)	\$	68,879,893
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Purchase of fixed assets	\$. -	\$	(22,329)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Purchase of Investments	\$ (882,825,414)	\$	(1,049,382,465)
Proceeds from Sales or Maturities of Investments	941,284,782		1,030,239,300
Interest on Investments	8,367,455		9,442,396
Arbitrage Rebate Tax (Note 12)	(557,782)	_	(300,485)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	\$ 66,269,041	\$	(10,001,254)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ (8,939,672)	\$	5,947,542
Cash and Cash Equivalents, beginning bal.	\$ 13,817,978	\$	7,870,436
Cash and Cash Equivalents, ending bal.	\$ 4,878,306	. \$	13,817,978

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MONTANA BOARD OF HOUSING A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF MONTANA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	FY 2008	FY 2007
Operating Income	\$ 6,857,283	\$ 6,238,978
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY		
(USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Depreciation	20,920	23,855
Amortization Interest Expense	(2,635,723) 47,985,302	350,462 42,749,511
Interest on Investments Arbitrage Rebate Tax	(5,423,037)	(11,473,225) 356,308
Change in Assets and Liabilities:		•
Decr (Incr) in Mortgage Loans Receivable Decr (Incr) in Other Assets	(102,666,036) (1,831,582)	(87,367,047) (974,087)
(Incr) Decr in Fair Value of Investments Incr (Decr) in Accounts Payable	(1,033,792) (32,240)	1,022,965 168,594
Incr (Decr) in Deferred Reservation & Disc. Fees Incr (Decr) in Compensated Absences Payable	586,337 61.560	(4,020,206) 15,124
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (58,141,017)	\$ (52,908,768)

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

June 30, 2008 and 2007

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization:

The Montana Board of Housing (the Board) is a quasi-judicial board created in 1975, by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Montana to facilitate the availability of decent, safe, and sanitary housing to persons and families of lower income as determined in accordance with the Board policy in compliance with the Internal Revenue Code. The Board is authorized to issue negotiable notes and bonds to fulfill its purposes. The total amount of notes and bonds outstanding at any time may not exceed \$1,500,000,000. The discount price of bonds sold, not the face amount of the bonds, counts against this statutory ceiling. Neither the faith and credit nor taxing power of the State of Montana may be pledged for payment of amounts so issued. The Board of Housing is attached for administrative purposes to the Housing Division, Department of Commerce.

Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The Board implemented GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments", No. 37, "Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments: Omnibus" and No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures". In order to comply with the requirements of the statements noted, the Board's financial statements include a classified statement of net assets, a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets that reports operating and non-operating revenues and expenses, and the statement of cash flows. In addition, the "Management's Discussion and Analysis" precedes the financial statements as required supplementary information. Revenues in the proprietary funds are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. The financial activities of the Board are recorded in funds established under various bond resolutions and the Montana Code Annotated (MCA). In preparing the financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as of the date of the statement of net assets and revenues and expenses for the period. Private sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, are generally followed to the extent they do not conflict with or contradict GASB guidance. The Board has the option of following subsequent private sector guidance for business-type activities but has not elected to do so. The financial statements of the Board are presented on a combined basis. The combining financial information can be found in other supplemental information.

Reporting Entity:

In accordance with governmental accounting and financial reporting standards, there are no component units to be included within the Board of Housing as a reporting entity. The financial statements of the Board of Housing are presented as a component unit in the State of Montana's Basic Financial Statements. The enterprise fund of the Board of Housing is part of but does not comprise the entire proprietary fund type of the State of Montana. The State of Montana directs and supervises budgeting, record keeping, reporting, and related administrative functions of the Board.

Fund Accounting:

To ensure observance of limitations and restrictions placed on the use of resources by the trust indentures, the Board of Housing accounts are organized in accordance with the principles of fund accounting. This is the procedure by which resources are classified for accounting and reporting purposes into funds established according to their nature and purpose as described in the trust indentures. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which are comprised of each fund's assets, liabilities, net assets, revenues, and expenses.

The funds of the Board are classified as enterprise funds, that is, a fund that is financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the Board is that the expenses of meeting its organizational purpose be financed or recovered primarily through user charges and investment earnings, and the periodic determination of revenue earned and expenses incurred is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, and other purposes.

Restricted Net Assets - The Board implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 46 – <u>Net Assets Restricted by Enabling Legislation</u>. Net Assets are considered restricted if they are limited as to the manner in or purpose for which they may be used. The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes In Net Assets reports \$153,095,123 of restricted net assets, of which \$153,095,123 is restricted by enabling legislation.

June 30, 2008 and 2007

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Fund Accounting - continued:

Net Assets – Restricted for Bondholders represent bond program funds that are required to be used for program purposes as prescribed by individual bond indentures. The following describes the restrictions on the Net Assets: The individual bond indentures establish certain funds and accounts as special trust funds to hold the individual indenture funds. Because of the nature of the Board's bonds, these funds and accounts are pledged as collateral for the bonds under the individual program indentures. The individual indentures also set certain mortgage and debt service reserve requirements, restricting funds for these purposes. As disclosed in Note 5 to the financial statements, the mortgage loans receivable are pledged as security for holders of the bonds. Certain indentures also require asset-liability coverage ratios be met as well as cash flow certificates be furnished for any significant change anticipated in the financial structure of an indenture.

Restricted Net Assets also include funds reserved by participants and funds committed to specific projects under various programs established by the Board.

Revenue and Expense Recognition:

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The Board records all revenues and expenses related to mortgages, investments, and bonds as operating revenues and expenses.

Fund Structure:

The Board's program funds and other funds have been presented on a combined basis, as the Board is considered a single enterprise fund for financial reporting purposes. A description of the funds established by the Board follows:

Single Family Mortgage Program Funds - These funds, established under two separate trust indentures adopted on various dates, are established for accounting for the proceeds from the sale of Single Family Mortgage Bonds and the debt service requirements of the bond indebtedness. Activities of these funds are, in general, restricted to the purchase of eligible single family mortgage loans. The mortgage loans must be insured by the Federal Housing Administration or guaranteed by Veterans Administration or Rural Development or Housing and Urban Development or private mortgage insurance.

The accompanying combining financial statements include the activity of both Single Family Mortgage Program Funds. The assets of each individual Single Family Mortgage Program Fund are restricted by the Fund's respective trust indenture; therefore, the total does not indicate that the Single Family Mortgage Program Funds' assets are available in any manner other than provided for in the individual trust indentures. The Board has reserved funds for specific loan programs. These loans will be originated from funds available in the Single Family I and II Indentures.

Multifamily Mortgage Program Funds - These funds, established under a trust indenture adopted February 23, 1978, as amended and restated as of December 29, 1992, are established to account for the proceeds from the sale of Multifamily Mortgage Bonds, the debt service requirements of the bond indebtedness, and for construction and permanent mortgage loans on multifamily developments being financed from the bond proceeds. The Federal Housing Administration must insure mortgage loans originated prior to December 1992.

On November 10, 1998, the Board issued \$1,625,000 in Multifamily General Obligation Bonds. These bonds are payable out of any of the Board's moneys, assets or revenue. These funds, established under a trust indenture adopted November 1, 1998, are established to account for the proceeds from the sale of Multifamily Mortgage General Obligation Bonds, the debt service requirements of the bond indebtedness, and for construction and permanent mortgage loans on multifamily developments being financed from the bond proceeds. The mortgage loans originated under this Indenture are not required to be insured by the Federal Housing Administration.

The Multifamily Program Fund on the combining financial statements includes activity for both Indentures.

June 30, 2008 and 2007

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Fund Structure - continued

Housing Trust Fund - the Housing Trust Fund was established as a separate trust fund by a resolution of the Montana Board of Housing, adopted February 16, 1989. The Housing Trust Fund was created to finance in whole or in part future housing needs and the establishment of new programs as deemed necessary by the Board and any loans or projects that will provide housing for lower income persons and families with special housing needs. Current programs include, but are not limited to, the Reverse Annuity Mortgage Program (RAM) for senior Montana homeowners and the Cash Assistance Program – Disabled (CAP) to assist disabled individuals and families in the purchase of a single family home. The Housing Trust Fund also includes all activity from the Low Income Housing Tax Credit Program.

Housing Montana - Under MCA 90-6-133, a Revolving Loan Account was established. The account was established in the state special revenue fund in the state treasury. Senate Bill 243 of the 2003 Legislature moved the Revolving Loan Account to the enterprise fund effective July 1, 2003. For purposes of financial reporting, the Board has reclassified this account as an enterprise fund as allowed in GASB Statement No. 34. During the 2007 legislative session, the account was renamed "Housing Montana." The money in the loan account is allocated to the board for the purposes of providing loans to eligible applicants. Currently, the account holds loans and resources provided by the Federal Housing and Urban Development Section 8 administrative fee reserve account and the Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF) block grant to the state.

Cash and Cash Equivalents:

For the purposes of the combining statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash held by the State of Montana Treasurer, cash and money market accounts held by trustees, and cash invested in the state's short term investment pool. Cash and equivalents are described in Note 2 of these financial statements.

Investments:

Effective June 30, 2005, The Board implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 40 – <u>Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>. The applicable investment risk disclosures are described in Note 4 of these financial statements.

Under GASB 31, certain investments are to be reported at fair value. The Board values all of its investments that have a maturity date of over one year at fair value. Those investments that have a maturity date of less than one year are valued at amortized cost. The fair values were based on market prices provided by the Board's trustees.

Mortgage Loans Receivable:

Mortgage loans receivable are carried at their uncollected principal balances, adjusted for unamortized mortgage discounts and deferred loan fees, less an allowance for loan losses. Mortgage discounts and loan fees earned after 1988 are amortized using the interest method over the life of the mortgage loans and are accreted to interest income on mortgages. Mortgage discounts for all other program funds are amortized using the straight-line method over the remaining life of the mortgage loans and accreted to interest income.

The Board purchases mortgage loans secured by residences located throughout the State of Montana. Loans must be insured by the FHA (Federal Housing Administration) or private mortgage insurance or guaranteed by the VA (Veterans Administration) or RD (Rural Development) or Housing and Urban Development (HUD) or private mortgage insurers. Guidelines to minimize credit risk are established by FHA, VA, RD, HUD & Board policies.

Interest receivable is accrued on the amount of outstanding mortgage loan principal only if deemed collectible. Accrual on non-performing loans ceases at six months.

Estimated losses are determined based on management's judgment, giving effect to numerous factors including, but not necessarily limited to, general economic conditions, loan portfolio composition, prior loss experience and independent appraisals. The reserve for anticipated loan losses represents amounts which are not expected to be fully reimbursed by certain guarantors.

June 30, 2008 and 2007

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Mortgage Loans Receivable - continued

The Board incurs mortgage loan service fees with participating loan servicers based on outstanding monthly mortgage loan principal balances. The service fees are paid only when the mortgagee's full monthly payment is collected.

The Board has pledged future revenues collected from mortgages receivable accounts to bondholders for repayment of the mortgage revenue bonds issued by the Board (Note 8). The Board issued these bonds to finance the mortgage loans purchased by the Board's various programs. In accordance with GASB 48, the pledging of these revenues is considered a collateralized borrowing based on the Board retaining control of the receivables and evidenced by the Board's active management of these accounts.

Mortgage-Backed Securities:

Mortgage-backed securities reported in the Single Family Programs are pass-through securities created by the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) and purchased by the board. FNMA pools and securitizes qualified Montana mortgage loans from the board's Single Family Programs. Consistent with GASB No. 31, these securities are reported at fair value which may vary from the value of the securities if held to maturity.

Bonds Payable:

Bonds payable is adjusted for amortized bond premiums and discounts. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized or accreted to interest expenses using the interest method, as an adjustment to yield, over the life of the bonds to which they relate or are expensed upon early redemption of the bonds.

Bond issuance costs, including underwriter discounts, are amortized using the bonds outstanding method over the life of the bonds or are expensed upon redemption of the bonds.

Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. These statements contain estimates for Arbitrage Rebate Liability and Allowance for Loan Losses.

Capital Assets:

Capital assets are recorded at cost and depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives of 5 to 10 years. The majority of capital assets consist of computers and software. The capitalization threshold for recording capital assets is \$5,000. Purchases under this threshold are recorded as expenses in the current period.

Compensated Absences:

The Board's employees earn vacation leave ranging from 15 to 24 days per year depending on the employee's years of service. Vacation leave may be accumulated to a total not to exceed two times the maximum number of days earned annually. Sick leave is earned at the rate of 12 days per year with no limit on accumulation. Upon retirement or termination, an employee is paid for 100% of unused vacation leave and 25% of unused sick leave.

June 30, 2008 and 2007

NOTE 2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Board's cash and cash equivalents are held by trustees or by the State of Montana Treasury as cash or short-term investments. At June 30, 2008 and 2007, the carrying amounts of the Board's cash and cash equivalents equaled the bank balances.

Program Funds	2	2008		2007
Short-Term Investments	\$	3,181,230	\$	11,227,962
State Short-Term Investment Pool*		849,124		1,648,371
Cash Deposited with Trustee Banks**		315,380		475,578
Cash Deposited with State Treasury		532,572		466,067
,	\$	4,878,306	\$	13,817,978

^{*}The State's Short Term Investment Pool (STIP) is managed by the Montana Board of Investments. STIP balances are covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized by securities held by third parties in the Board of Investment's name. Net assets of the pool are equivalent to \$1 per share of the pool.

NOTE 3. SECURITIES LENDING

The Board of Housing invests in the State's Short-Term Investment Pool. As part of the pool administered by the Board of Investments (BOI), the Board participates in securities lending transactions. Under GASB 28, the following disclosures are required:

Under the provisions of state statutes, the BOI has, via a Securities Lending Authorization Agreement, authorized a custodial bank, State Street Bank and Trust, to lend the BOI's securities to broker-dealers and other entities with a simultaneous agreement to return the collateral for the same securities in the future. During the period the securities are on loan, BOI receives a fee and the custodial bank must initially receive collateral equal to 102% of the fair value of the loaned securities and maintain collateral equal to not less than 100% of the fair value of the loaned security. BOI retains all rights and risks of ownership during the loan period.

During fiscal years 2008 and 2007, State Street lent, on behalf of BOI, certain securities held by State Street, as custodian, and received US dollar currency cash, US government securities, and irrevocable bank letters of credit. State Street does not have the ability to pledge or sell collateral securities unless the borrower defaults.

BOI did not impose any restrictions during fiscal years 2008 and 2007 on the amount of loans that State Street made on its behalf. There were no failures by any borrowers to return loaned securities or pay distributions thereon during fiscal years 2008 and 2007. More over, there were no losses during fiscal years 2008 and 2007 resulting from a default of the borrowers or State Street.

During fiscal years 2008 and 2007, BOI and the borrowers maintained the right to terminate all securities lending transactions on demand. The cash collateral received on each loan was invested, together with the cash collateral of other qualified plan lenders, in a collective investment pool, the Securities Lending Quality Trust. The relationship between the average maturities of the investment pool and BOI's loans was affected by the maturities of the loans made by other plan entities that invested cash collateral in the collective investment pool, which BOI could not determine. On June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2007, BOI had no credit risk exposure to borrowers.

On June 30, 2008, there were \$41,101 of securities on loan. On June 30, 2007, there were no securities on loan.

^{**}Cash deposits are held at the trustee banks. Net assets are equal to \$1 per share. Based on the opinion of the Board's bond counsel, these funds are insured by the FDIC on a pass-through basis to the owners of mortgage bonds. Thus, each individual bondholder is entitled to \$100,000 of insurance coverage.

June 30, 2008 and 2007

NOTE 4. INVESTMENTS

The Board invests the following funds; bond proceeds until the amounts are used to purchase mortgage loans, mortgage loan collections until debt service payment dates, and reserves and operating funds until needed. The Board follows Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 40 – <u>Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>. The applicable investment risk disclosures are described in the following paragraphs.

Power to Invest & Investment Policy

Montana statute grants the Board the power to invest any funds not required for immediate use, subject to any agreements with its bondholders and note holders. The Board conducts its investing according to an investment policy which is annually reviewed and follows bond indenture, Internal Revenue Code, and state statutes. The policy prohibits the Board from investing in leveraged investments, including but not limited to derivatives. The Board's policy follows state law by limiting investments to following:

- Direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States of America
- Indebtedness issued or guaranteed by Government Sponsored Entities such as Federal Home Loan Bank System, Federal National Mortgage Association, and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, for example.
- Certificates of Deposit insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.
- Guaranteed Investment Agreements or Repurchase Agreements

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the other party to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Board investment policy mitigates this risk by requiring financial institutions to be rated in either of the two highest rating categories by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Services. The Board enters into guaranteed investment agreements and repurchase agreements as directed by bond indentures. The table included in this note identifies investment agreement participants and their ratings.

Credit Risk Concentration

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an organization's investment with a single investment provider. Board investment policy follows the prudent expert principle as contained in Chapter 17, Part 6, Montana Code Annotated. This principle instructs investing entities to diversify investment holding to minimize the risk of loss. The table included in this note displays both investment provider and investment source diversity.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Board investment policy requires that investment contracts and repurchase agreements be fully collateralized with securities and cash held by the provider's agent and confirmed by the Board's trustee as required by the bond indentures. Securities underlying the investment contracts have a market value of at least 100% of the cost of the investment contract plus accrued interest. Securities underlying the repurchase agreements have a market value of at least 102% of the cost of repurchase agreement.

NOTE 4. INVESTMENTS - continued

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Board's investment policy does not explicitly address interest rate risk. However, the policy indirectly speaks about interest rate risk by stating that investments are to be held to maturity and not for the intention of generating investment return. Typically, long-term investments are only sold as a result of refunding a bond issue or to meet liquidity needs. The following table displays Effective Duration for appropriate investment types or NA (not applicable) to indicate interest rate risk. All funds and component units of the State of Montana are required to use the duration method to report interest rate risk.

Investment Type & Source		Fair Value	Moody's	Standard &	Effective
	<u>Jı</u>	une 30,2008	Rating	Poor's Rating	<u>Duration</u>
Investment Contracts		•			
AIG Matched Funding Corp	\$	14,692,882	NR*	NR*	NA
Bayerische Landesbank		4,980,821	NR	NR	NA
Rabobank Nederland		2,229,232	· NR	NR	NA
Société Générale		7,656,078	NR	NR	NA
Trinity Plus Funding Co.		7,429,186	NR	NR	NA
Westdeutsche Landesbank	·	1,752,469	NR	NR	NA
Contracts Total	\$	38,740,668			
Government Sponsored					
<u>Enterprises</u>					
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$	36,416,928	Aaa	AAA	0.89
Federal National Mortgage Assoc.		53,645,808	Aaa	AAA	3.46
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.		31,844,74 <u>5</u>	Aaa	AAA	0.34
Total	\$	121,907,481			
U. S. Treasury	\$	6,654,772	NA	NA	9.50
Trustee Cash & Money Market Accounts	\$	3,496,610	NA	NA	NA
State Cash & Short-term Pool Accounts		1,381,696	NA**	NA**	NA
Total	\$	4,878,306			
Total All Investments	\$	172,181,227			

^{*}Investment Contracts are not rated (NR). However, the providers are required to meet ratings described in the Credit Risk section of this note.

^{**} The state's short-term pool is not rated.

June 30, 2008 and 2007

NOTE 5. MORTGAGE LOANS RECEIVABLE

The mortgage loans receivable are pledged in accordance with individual program indentures as security for holders of the bonds. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 48, the pledging of Mortgage Loans Receivable is considered a collateralized borrowing. Mortgage loans receivable consist of the following:

Mortgage loan receivables:	_2008	2007
Single Family Program Multifamily Program Housing Trust Program Housing Montana Fund	\$889,708,910 13,863,923 3,221,396 2,451,410 909,245,639	\$789,769,860 14,631,567 2,348,009 2,578,574 809,328,010
Net mortgage discounts and deferred reservation fees Allowance for loan losses and real estate owned (note 6)	10,438,218 (300,000) \$919,383,857	6,497,738 (300,000) \$815,525,748

NOTE 6. ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES AND REAL ESTATE OWNED

The following summarizes activity in the allowance for loan losses and real estate owned:

Balance, June 30, 2006	\$ 300,000
Provision	0
Less: Net loans charged off	0
Balance, June 30, 2007	300,000
Provision	0
Less: Net loans charged off	0
Balance, June 30, 2008	
	<u>\$ 300,000</u>

The allowance for loan losses includes \$200,000 at June 30, 2008 and 2007 for future estimated losses on real estate owned. Real estate owned property is property that is acquired through foreclosure or in satisfaction of loans and is initially recorded at the lower of the related loan balance, less any specific allowance for loss, or fair market value minus estimated costs to sell. The Board held four real estate owned properties as of June 30, 2008 and two real estate owned properties as of June 30, 2007.

NOTE 7. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets consist primarily of computer software and equipment and other office equipment. Balances are as follows:

	2008	2007
Capital Assets - Equipment	\$ 12,170	\$ 6,195
Capital Assets - Software	31,119	51,590
Accumulated depreciation	(6,023)	<u>(5,575)</u>
Net capital assets	<u>\$ 37,266</u>	\$ 52,210

Depreciation and amortization expense included in general and administrative expense was \$20,919 and \$22,015 for the years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 respectively.

NOTE 8. BONDS PAYABLE, NET

Bonds payable, net of premium or discount, consists of the f	Original		
Single Family I Mortgage Bonds:	<u>Amount</u>	<u>2008</u>	2007
1999 Series A-1 and A-2 serial and term bonds 4.35% to 5.75% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to December 1, 2012, and on December 1, 2014, December 1, 2020, June 1, 2030 and December 1, 2031.	60,000,000	11,155,000	14,190,000
2000 Series A-1 and A-2 serial and term bonds 4.15% to 6.45% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to December 1, 2012, and on June 1, 2016, June 1, 2019, December 1, 2020, June 1, 2029 December 1, 2031 and June 1, 2032.	87,695,000	8,115,000	11,515,000
2000 Series B-1 and B-2 serial and term bonds 4.40% to 7.95% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to June 1, 2015, and on June 1, 2020, December 1, 2020, December 1, 2031.	71,940,000	20,240,000	24,805,000
2001 Series A-1 and A-2 serial and term bonds 4.30% to 5.70% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to December 1, 2020, December 1, 2023 December 1, 2031, June 1, 2032 and December 1, 2032	71,000,000	20,790,000	25,410,000
Series A-1 and A-2 serial and term bonds 1.70% to 5.60% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to December 1, 2022, December 1, 2032 and December 1, 2033.	39,000,000	14,450,000	17,025,000
Series B-1 and B-2 serial and term bonds 2.30% to 5.55% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to December 1, 2023, December 1, 2026, December 1, 2032, June 1, 2033, December 1, 2033, and June 1, 2034.	52,190,000	23,925,000	28,710,000
2005 Series A serial and term bonds 2.80% to 5.60% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to December 1, 2013, December 1, 2030, December 1, 2035, and June 1, 2036.	93,785,000	78,660,000	86,590,000

NOTE 8. BONDS PAYABLE, NET - continued

2000	Original <u>Amount</u>	<u>2008</u>	2007
2006 Series A serial and term bonds 3.40% to 5.25% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to June 1, 2016, December 1, 2016, December 1, 2025, December 1, 2036, and June 1, 2037.	50,560,000	46,200,000	50,045,000
2006 Series B serial and term bonds 3.75% to 5.50% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to June 1, 2016, June 1, 2021, June 1, 2026, June 1, 2037, and December 1, 2037.	72,000,000	67,700,000	71,545,000
2006 Series C serial and term bonds 3.50% to 5.75% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to June 1, 2009, December 1, 2016, December 1, 2021, December 1, 2026, December 1, 2031, June 1, 2037 and December 1, 2037.	70,805,000	66,860,000	69,930,000
2007 Series A-1 and A-2 serial and term bonds 3.65% to 5.50% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to June 1, 2017, December 1, 2019, December 1, 2022, December 1, 2027, December 1, 2037, June 1, 2037, December 1, 2037, and December 1, 2039.	86,015,000	83,865,000	86,015,000
2007 Series B serial and term bonds 3.75% to 5.50% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to December 1, 2017, December 1, 2022, December 1, 2027, December 1, 2032, December 1, 2037 and June 1, 2038.	83,090,000	82,750,000	83,090,000
2007 Series C serial and term bonds 3.875% to 5.75% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to December 1, 2017, December 1, 2020, December 1, 2022, December 1, 2027, December 1, 2031, June 1, 2038 and December 1, 2038.	50,600,000	50,385,000	0
2007 Series D serial and term bonds 3.75% to 5.50% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to December 1, 2014, December 1, 2015, December 1, 2016, December 1, 2017, December 1, 2022, December 1, 2027, June 1, 2038 and December 1, 2038.	56,600,000	56,580,000	0
Bonds outstanding Single Family I Unamortized bond premium Total bonds payable Single Family I	-	\$ 631,675,000 9,846,228 \$ 641,521,228	\$ 568,870,000 <u>8,563,530</u> \$ 577,433,530

Original	0000	0007
<u>Amount</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
\$ 39,999,625	\$ _ 950,853	\$ 1,063,518
74,996,862	0	480,000
51 780 000	15 305 000	16,385,000
65,000,000	23,430,000	23,430,000
52,520,000	36,830,000	40,190,000
70,700,000	47,275,000	51,600,000
	Amount \$ 39,999,625 74,996,862 51,780,000 65,000,000	\$ 39,999,625 \$ 950,853 74,996,862 0 51,780,000 15,305,000 65,000,000 23,430,000 52,520,000 36,830,000

NOTE 8. BONDS PAYABLE, NET - continued

2003	Original <u>Amount</u>	2008	2007
Series C serial and term bonds 1.45% to 5.05% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to June 1, 2023, December 1, 2023, December 1, 2028, and December 1, 2034.	40,500,000	25,400,000	28,885,000
2004 Series A serial and term bonds 1.40% to 5.00% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to December 1, 2023, June 1, 2024, June 1, 2029, December 1, 2029, and June 1, 2035.	50,600,000	30,910,000	36,030,000
2004 Series B serial and term bonds 1.85% to 5.75% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to December 1, 2014, June 1, 2015, December 1, 2024, December 1, 2030 and December 1, 2035.	68,000,000	46,580,000	52,390,000
2004 Series C serial and term bonds 2.00% to 5.00% Maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments To December 1, 2016, December 1, 2025, December 1, 2030, June 1, 2035, and December 1, 2035.	54,600,000	41,050,000	46,470,000
2005 RA Series A serial and term bonds 4.10% to 4.75% maturing in scheduled semi-annual installments to December 1, 2016, December 1, 2017, December 1, 2021, December 1, 2026, December 1, 2027, and June 1, 2044.	30,280,000	25,725,000	27,675,000
Bonds outstanding Single Family II Unamortized bond premium / discount Total bonds payable Single Family II		\$ 293,455,853	\$ 324,598,518
Total Single Family Mortgage bonds payable, net		\$ 938,385,531	\$ 906,024,795

All single-family mortgage bonds are subject to mandatory sinking fund requirements of scheduled amounts commencing at various dates and to optional redemption at various dates at prices ranging from 100% to 103%.

Single Family I and II mortgage bonds are general obligation bonds of the Board of Housing within the individual bond indenture.

June 30, 2008 and 2007

NOTE 8. BONDS PAYABLE, NET - continued

Board of Housing Essential Workers' Program

The Board has authorized the issuance of \$1,000,000 of taxable general obligation bonds to finance second mortgage shared appreciation loans to provide assistance to Ravalli County teachers. As of June 30, 2008, no bonds have been issued.

The Board has authorized the issuance of \$ 250,000 of taxable general obligation bonds to finance second mortgage shared appreciation loans to provide assistance to essential employees in rural areas within fifteen miles of Manhattan, Three Forks, Amsterdam, Churchill and Willow Creek, Montana. As of June 30, 2008, no bonds have been issued.

	Original <u>Amount</u>	_2008	2007
Multifamily Mortgage Bonds:			
1978 - Series A, 6.125% interest, maturing in scheduled annual installments to August 1, 2019.	\$4,865,000	\$790,000	\$830,000
1996			
Series A, 4.10% to 6.15% interest, serial and term bonds, maturing in scheduled annual installments to August 1, 2011, and on August 1, 2016, and August 1, 2026.	890,000	700,000	720,000
1998 Series A 3.5% to 4.70% interest, serial and term bonds, maturing in scheduled annual installments to August 1, 2014 and on August 1, 2029.	1,625,000	1,200,000	1,225,000
1999 Series A 4.95% to 8.45% interest, term Bonds, maturing in scheduled semi annual installments to August 1, 2008, August 1, 2010, August 1, 2016, August 1, 2025, August 1, 2030,			
August 1, 2037, August 1, 2041 and August 1, 2039. Total bonds outstanding Unamortized bond premium Total Multifamily Mortgage bonds payable, net	9,860,000	8,365,000 11,055,000 (39,561) \$ 11,015,439	8,570,000 11,345,000 (40,651) \$ 11,304,349

All Multifamily mortgage bonds are subject to mandatory sinking fund requirements of scheduled amounts commencing at various dates and to optional redemption at various dates at prices ranging from 100% to 102%.

The 1998A Multifamily bonds are general obligations of the Board.

Combined Total Single and Multifamily bonds payable, net

\$ 949,400,970 \$ 917,329,144

June 30, 2008 and 2007

NOTE 8. BONDS PAYABLE, NET - continued

The following is a summary of bond principal and interest requirements as of June 30, 2008:

					Single and		Single and		
Fiscal Single Family		ly Multifamily			Multifamily		Multifamily		
Year	Principal and		Principal and		Principal		Interest		
Ending	Interest Total		Interest Total		Only Total		Only Total		
2009	\$ 59,908,441	\$	970,847	,	\$ 14,230,000	\$	46,649,287		
2010	60,325,678		973,768		15,255,000		46,044,447		
2011	60,298,521		970,581		15,885,000		45,384,102		
2012	60,296,318	965,753		965,753			16,585,000		44,677,071
2013	60,958,150		945,499		17,980,000		43,923,649		
2013-18	309,410,640		4,130,063		107,739,201		205,801,502		
2018-23	313,771,246		3,663,624		141,355,000		176,079,870		
2023-28	322,658,174		3,414,148		191,540,000		134,532,322		
2028-33	297,441,831		2,775,437		219,075,000		81,142,268		
2033-38	200,741,260		2,743,731		176,165,000		27,319,991		
2038-43	21,160,556	1,733,869 20,450,000			2,444,425				
2043-48	1,004,675				970,000		34,675		
Total	\$1,767,975,490	\$	23,287,319		937,229,201	_ {	8 854,033,608		

Cash paid for interest expenses during the years ending June 30, 2008 and 2007 was \$47,617,986 and \$43,297,738, respectively.

Changes in Bonds Payable

	6/30/2007			6/30/2008
	Balance	Decreases	Balance	
Single Family	\$ 906,024,795	108,577,930	(76,217,194)	\$ 938,385,531
Multi Family	11,304,349		(288,910)	11,015,439
Total	\$ 917,329,144	108,577,930	(76,506,104)	\$ 949,400,970

NOTE 9. LOSS ON REDEMPTION

During the years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 the Board redeemed Single Family mortgage program bonds prior to scheduled maturity as follows:

Single Family I	<u>2008</u>	2007					
December 1	\$24,890,000	\$21,050,000					
June 1	13,590,000	13,185,000					
	<u>38,480,000</u>	34,235,000					
Single Family II							
December 1	18,064,219	22,809,829					
June 1	8,463,677	<u>17,215,000</u>					
	<u>26,527,896</u>	40,024,829					
Multifamily	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>					
Total	<u>\$65,007,896</u>	<u>\$74,259,829</u>					

June 30, 2008 and 2007

NOTE 9. LOSS ON REDEMPTION - continued

All such Bonds were redeemed at par or 100% of their compounded value to date of redemption. Unamortized discounts and cost of issuance associated with the bonds redeemed were expensed at time of redemption and are reported as losses on redemption of \$ 587,125 and \$ 591,218 in 2008 and 2007, respectively.

NOTE 10. COMMITMENTS

The Board has reserved and is in the process of purchasing Single Family Mortgages of approximately \$2,126,536 from the issuance of the 2007 Series D.

The Board committed the following amounts to the Single Family Programs as noted below:

Human Resource Council Superior Land Trust	\$ 780,000
Neighborhood Housing Services MT Home Owne	ership
Network Lender Pool	1,037,218
MT Home Ownership Network Lender Pool	983,916
FNMA Home Ownership	706,705
District XI Human Resource Council Missoula	700,000
Burns Street Commons	1,740,000
Teachers Conventional Loans	177,951
Manhattan State Bank Essential Employees	1,600,000
Butte Housing Authority	750,000
GAP Financing Program	692,818
Foreclosure Prevention	45,635
Disabled Affordable Accessible Homeownership	487,501
Lot Refinance	869,252
Habitat for Humanity	925,115
HUD Section 184-Indian Housing	796,369
Chippewa Cree	2,000,000
USDA Rural Housing Development	314,284
Down Payment Pool	5,007,690
Total Single Family Commitments	\$19,614,454

Other Commitments--Single Family I

Reverse Annuity Mortgage Program Future Loans \$2,251,577

The Board has the following Multifamily commitments:

Financing Adjustment Factor Subsidy Set aside

(restricted by agreement with HUD)

Total Multifamily Commitments \$210,834

The Board has committed Housing Trust Funds as noted below:

Reverse Annuity Mortgage Program Existing Loans \$3,143,083

These mortgage commitments will be funded through cash and investments.

During the ordinary course of business, the Board incurs minor expenses under various cancelable leases for equipment rental and maintenance contracts.

June 30, 2008 and 2007

NOTE 11. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

The Board of Housing and its employees contribute to the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS). PERS offers two types of retirement plans administered by the Montana Public Employees' Retirement Administration.

Defined Benefit Retirement Plan: The Defined Benefit Retirement Plan (DBRP) is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing plan that provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Benefits are based on eligibility, years of service and highest average compensation. Vesting occurs once membership service totals five years. Benefits are established by state law and can only be amended by the legislature.

Defined Contribution Retirement Plan: The Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (DCRP), created by the 1999 legislature and available to all active PERS members effective July 1, 2002. This plan is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing plan that also provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Benefits are based on the balance in the member's account, which includes the total contributions made, the length of time the funds have remained in the plan, and the investment earnings less administrative costs.

The PERS issues publicly available annual reports that include financial statements and required supplemental information for the plans. Those reports may be obtained from the following:

Public Employees' Retirement Administration P.O. Box 200131 100 North Park Suite 220 Helena, MT 59620-0131

406-444-3154

Contribution rates for the plans are required and determined by State law. The contribution rates for 2008 expressed as a percentage of covered payroll are as follows:

<u>Employee</u> <u>Employer</u> <u>Total</u> 6.900% 7.035% 13.935%

The amounts contributed to the plans during the years ended June 30, 2006, 2007 and 2008 were equal to the required contribution each year. The amounts contributed by both the Board and by employees, as required by State law, were as follows:

Fiscal Year 2008 - \$ 57,093 Fiscal Year 2007 - \$ 49,120 Fiscal Year 2006 - \$ 49,514

Deferred Compensation Plan: The Board's permanent employees are eligible to participate in the State of Montana's deferred compensation plan. The compensation deferred is not available to employees until separation from State service, retirement, death, or upon an unforeseeable emergency, when still employed and meeting IRS specified criteria. The plan is governed by Internal Revenue Service Code (IRC) Section 457 and Title 19, Chapter 50, Montana Code Annotated (MCA). The Small Business Job Protection Act of 1996 resulted in changes to IRC Section 457 and Title 19, Chapter 50, MCA. Assets of the deferred compensation plan are required to be held in trust, custodial accounts or insurance company contracts for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries. For plans in existence as of August 20, 1996, compliance was required by January 1, 1999.

June 30, 2008 and 2007

NOTE 11. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS - continued

Board staff and dependents are eligible to receive medical and dental health care through the State Group Benefits Plan administered by the Montana Department of Administration Health Care & Benefits Division.

Montana Department of Administration established medical premiums vary between \$444 and \$776 per month depending on the medical plan selected, family coverage, and eligibility. Administratively established premiums vary between \$31.00 and \$53.20 per month for dental and between \$7.64 and \$22.46 per month for vision depending on family coverage and eligibility. The State reimburses all validated medical claims net of member obligations (annual deductibles and coinsurance of the members' selected medical plan). Dental claims are reimbursed at 50% to 100% of the allowable charges, depending on the services provided. The State funds claims on a pay-as-you-go basis and, in addition, maintains a claims fluctuation reserve equivalent to three months projected claims and operating costs.

NOTE 12. ARBITRAGE REBATE LIABILITY PAYABLE TO U.S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT

The Board has established an accrual for the liability for estimated arbitrage payments due to the Treasury Department in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code. The amount of the rebate in general terms is the difference between the actual interest earned on investments and "allowable" interest as defined by Treasury Department Regulations. Ninety percent of the estimated rebate will be paid to the United States Treasury within 60 days of the end of every fifth bond year until the bonds are retired, at which time 100% of the remaining rebate amount is due.

Beginning Balance July 1, 2007	\$1,196,956
Additions	237,340
Reductions	(557,781)
Ending Balance June 30, 2008	\$ 876,515

NOTE 13. NO-COMMITMENT DEBT

The Board of Housing is authorized to issue its bonds and to make mortgage loans in order to finance housing which will provide decent, safe and sanitary housing for persons and families of lower income in the State of Montana.

The bonds are not general obligations, debts, liabilities or pledges of faith and credit of the Board but are special limited obligations payable solely from pledged revenues and assets. The Board is not obligated to make payment on the bonds from any of its assets other than those revenues and assets so pledged. The Board has no taxing power. Accordingly, these bonds are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements. The bonds are not a debt of the state and the state is not liable for the bonds. Neither the state's faith or credit or taxing power is pledged to the payment of bond principal or interest.

Bond Series Single Family Martage Bayonya	Original Amount		Outstanding as of 6/30/2008	
Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds Series 2005A-1	\$	516,000	\$	159,000
Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds Series 2005A-2	\$	500,000	\$	454,000
Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds Series 2006A	\$	2,104,700	\$	2,062,264
Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds Series 2007A	\$	5,100,000	\$	5,100,000
Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds Series 2008A	\$	1,210,000	\$	1,210,000

June 30, 2008 and 2007

NOTE 14. REFUNDING AND DEFERRED BOND ISSUANCE COSTS

The Board periodically chooses to refund all or a portion of the Board's outstanding bonds when it is economically advantageous to do so. Refunding involves the issuance of new debt whose proceeds are used to repay previously issued debt. The Board performed no refunding during the period from July 1, 2007 to June 30, 2008.

Under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 23, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Refunding of Debt Reported by Proprietary Activities, deferred bond issuance costs are required to be amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded bonds or the life of the refunding bonds.

The following costs associated with refunding were deferred and are being amortized under the GASB 23 guidelines:

Prior years' Refundings:

Unamortized Deferred refunding costs from prior years' refunding

\$2,489,912

Total unamortized

<u>\$2,489,912</u>

NOTE 15. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008, the State of Montana and the Board implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This statement requires the disclosure of employer liability for retiree medical subsidies and other postemployment benefits.

Post-employment Healthcare Plan Description:

Board staff and dependents are eligible to receive health care through the State Group Benefits Plan administered by the Montana Department of Administration. In accordance with MCA 2-18-704, the State provides optional postemployment medical, vision and dental health care benefits to the following employees and dependents who elect to continue coverage and pay administratively established premiums: (1) employees and dependents who retire under applicable retirement provisions and (2) surviving dependents of deceased employees. For GASB 45 reporting, the State Group Benefits Plan is considered an agent multiple-employer plan and the Board is considered to be a separate employer participating in the plan.

In addition to the employee benefits described in Note 11, Employee Benefit Plans, the following post-employment benefits are provided.

Montana Department of Administration established retiree medical premiums vary between \$160 and \$776 per month depending on the medical plan selected, family coverage, and Medicare eligibility. Administratively established dental premiums vary between \$31.00 and \$53.20; vision premiums vary between \$7.64 and \$22.26; both premiums vary depending on the coverage selected. Basic life insurance in the amount of \$14,000 is provided until age 65 at a cost of \$1.90 per month to the retiree.

The State reimburses all validated medical claims net of member obligations (annual deductibles and coinsurance of the members' selected medical plan). Dental claims are reimbursed at 50% to 100% of the allowable charges, depending on the services provided. The State acts as secondary payor for retired Medicare-eligible claimants.

June 30, 2008 and 2007

NOTE 15. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - continued

Benefits Not Included in the Valuation:

Retirees pay 100 percent of dental premiums. Thus, there is no liability for dental valued in this valuation. The vision benefit is fully-insured and retirees pay 100 percent of the cost. Thus, there is no liability for vision valued in this valuation.

The life insurance benefit is a fully-insured benefit that is payable until age 65 with the retiree required to pay the full premium. There is no liability valued in this valuation for the retirees, though the required premium is an active/retiree blended premium. This liability would be insignificant to the overall results of this valuation.

Funding Policy:

GASB 45 requires the plan's participants, including the Board, to report each year the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year of retiree health care costs and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The 2008 ARC is calculated for all the plan's participants and then individually allocated to individual participants. The Board's 2008 ARC is estimated at \$42,741 and is based on the plan's current ARC rate of 7.99% percent of participants' annual covered payroll. The Board's 2008 ARC is equal to an annual amount required each year to fully fund the liability over 30 years. The amount of the estimated OPEB actuarial accrued liability at transition was determined in accordance with the GASB Statement 45, and liability is estimated at \$418,727 for the Board. (The actuarial accrued liability is the present value of future retiree benefits and expenses.) The preceeding estimates were prepared for the Department of Administration and the resulting State of Montana Actuarial Valuation of Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan (plan) contains the Board's data and is available through:

Montana Department of Administration, State Accounting Division Rm 255, Mitchell Bldg, 125 N Roberts St PO Box 200102, Helena, MT 59620-0102.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents information that shows the actuarial value of plan assets and liabilities.

In the December 31, 2007, actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit funding method is used. The actuarial assumptions did not include an investment rate of return since no assets meet the definition of plan assets under GASB 43 or 45. Annual healthcare cost trend rates of 8 percent for medical and 15 percent for prescription claims are used. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is amortized following a 30-year level percentage of payroll amortization schedule on an open basis beginning January 1, 2007.

NOTE 15. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - continued

The State finances claims on a pay-as-you-go basis and does not advance-fund the OPEB liability. Therefore the following cost information shows no cost contributions or plan assets made by the Board. Since 2008 is the OPEB reporting implementation year and year of transition, there is not two years' previous information available to report as required by GASB Statement 45.

Annual OPEB Cost:

For 2008, the Board's allocated annual OPEB cost (expense) of \$42,741 was equal to the ARC. The Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for 2008 are as follows:

Fiscal	Percentage	Percentage of		
Year	Annual	Annual OPEB	OPEB	
Ended	OPEB Cost	Cost Contributed	Obligation	
6/30/08	0%	\$42.741	\$42,741	

Funded Status and Funding Progress:

The funded status of the Board's allocation of the plan as of June 30, 2008, was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$418,727
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ 0
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$418,727
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$484,582
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	86.41%

NOTE 16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On October 14, 2008, American International Group, Inc. (AIG) elected to repay the principal and accrued but unpaid interest outstanding under two investment agreements with the Board. Upon payment to the Board of approximately \$ 15.5 million, AIG terminated both agreements. The Board has no additional investment agreements with AIG.

On September 11, 2008, the Board issued \$ 31,000,000 of Single Family Program Bonds Series 2008 A. The Bonds will mature on June 1, 2010, through December 1, 2039, with interest rates from 2.55% to 5.50 %. Bond proceeds will be used to purchase single family mortgage loans for the board's Homeownership Program. The 2008A bond series is not a debt of the state and the state is not liable for the bonds. Neither the state's faith or credit or taxing power is pledged to the payment of bond principal or interest.

On September 8, 2008, the Board passed a resolution granting preliminary approval to the issuance of its Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds in one or more series in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$8,000,000. Bond proceeds will be used to finance a loan for the purpose of acquiring, rehabilitating, and equipping a 180-unit multi-site multifamily development project known as the Parkview Apartments and the Vista Villa Apartments, each located in Great Falls, Montana.

On September 7, 2008, the Federal National Mortgage Association and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. were put into conservatorship.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Funding Progress for Board of Housing Other Post-Employment Benefits (Financial Statements Note 15)

The following table shows only information for the most recent, completed fiscal year which is the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. Since 2008 is the OPEB reporting implementation year and year of transition, there is not two years' previous information available to report as required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 45.

		Actuarial				UAAL as a
	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded		,	Percentage
	Value of	Liability*	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
•	Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(A)	(B)	(B-A)	(A/B)	('C)	((B-A)/C)
6/30/2008	\$0	\$418,727	\$418,727	0	\$484,582	0

^{*} Projected unit credit funding method

MONTANA BOARD OF HOUSING A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF MONTANA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS AS OF JUNE 30, 2008 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS AS OF JUNE 30, 2007)

	Single Family Indenture I	Single Family Indenture II	SINGLE FAMILY PROGRAM FUND TOTALS	MULTIFAMILY PROGRAM FUNDS	HOUSING TRUST FUND	HOUSING MONTANA FUND	Combine FY 2008	Combined Totals 08 FY 2007
rrent Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Mortgage Loans Receivable Interest Receivable Interfund Receivable	\$ 1,018,637 69,062,677 12,106,368 3,044,724 497,942	\$ 2,656,299 51,569,783 7,991,307 1,601,625	\$ 3,674,936 120,632,460 20,097,675 4,646,349 497,942	\$ 234,525 7,359,149 327,309 72,505	\$ 906,768 55,865 460,513	\$ 62,077 3,234 7,419 98,233	\$ 4,878,306 128,050,708 20,432,403 5,277,600 497,942	\$ 13,817,978 198,334,275 16,178,048 5,241,313
Due from Primary Government Berder from Other Governments Security, Lending Collateral Prepaid Expense Total Current Assets	\$ 85,730,348	9,762 13,319 239,858 \$ 64,081,953	9,762 13,319 239,858 \$ 149,812,301	4,367	26,281 10,592 \$ 1,460,019	1,501	9,762 41,101 254,817 \$ 159,442,639	8,232 1,525 65,204 \$ 233,955,952
ncurrent Assets Investments Mortgage Loans Receivable Mortgage Backed Securities Deferred Bond Issuance Costs, Net Capital Assets, Net Total Noncurrent Assets	9 E	1 1	35,624,548 879,749,453 3,763,459 8,618,938 19,889 \$ 927,776,287				\$ 35,650,009 898,951,454 3,763,459 8,773,597 8,773,597 \$ 947,175,785	\$ 23,059,234 799,347,698 2,361,544 8,718,872 8,718,872 \$ 833,539,558
BILTIES rrent Liabilities Accounts Payable Due to Primary Government Security Lending Liability Property Held in Trust	\$ 232,146	\$ 573,681 497,942 7,726 13,319	\$ 1,017,300,000 \$ 810,827 497,942 7,728 13,319	\$ 13,174	\$ 27,843	\$	\$ 851,844 497,942 92,10 41,101	\$ 583,873 309,377 19,158
Accrued Interest - Bonds Payable andors Payable, Net Arbitrage Rebate Payable to U.S. Treasury Department Accrued Compensated Absences Total Current Liabilities	2,679,663 9,520,000 0 289,415 20,492 \$ 12,741,716	1,165,182 4,405,000 254,629 20,492 \$ 6,942,971	3,844,845 13,925,000 544,044 40,984 \$ 19,684,687	279,584 305,000 0 6,958 \$ 605,493	9,731 \$ 64,562	\$ 1,501	4,124,429 14,230,000 544,044 57,673 \$ 20,356,243	4,105,248 11,735,000 590,054 66,660 \$ 17,449,370
ncurrent Liabilities Bonds Payable, Net Deferred Refunding Costs Arbitrage Rebate Payable to U.S. Treasury Department Accrued Compensated Absences OPEB Liability Total Noncurrent Liabilities	\$ 632,001,228 (1,494,060) 176,865 39,365 21,370 \$ 630,744,768	\$ 292,459,303 (995,852) 155,606 39,364 21,371 \$ 291,679,792	\$ 924,460,531 (2,489,912) 332,471 78,729 42,741 \$ 922,424,560	\$ 10,710,439 0 13,366 \$ 10,723,805	\$	φ φ	\$ 935,170,970 (2,489,912) 332,471 110,788 42,741 \$ 933,167,058	\$ 905,584,144 (2,475,726) 606,900 82,982 \$ 903,808,300
TOTAL LIABILITIES T ASSETS Invested in Capital Assets Net	\$ 643,486,484	\$ 298,622,763	\$ 942,109,247	\$ 11,329,298	\$ 83,255	1,501	\$ 953,523,301	\$ 921,257,670
Restricted for Bondholders: Unrealized (losses) gains on investments Unrealized (losses) gains on investments Single Family Programs Various Recycled Mortgage Programs Multifamily Programs Commitments Reverse Annuity Mortgage Program Restricted for Housing Montana Program TOTAL NET ASSETS	9,76 9,76 2,28	1,5 65,6 9,8 77,0	1,6 111,9 19,6 2,2	10,173, 210,	3,1	2,614,964	113,2 19,6 10,3 5,3 2,5,3 153,0	23,1 10,3 10,3 7,6 2,8

^{*} Interfund Payable & Receivable records a temporary loan between Board program funds that is expected to be repaid within one year. The loan is excluded from the Board's Statement of Net Assets because it is not an obligation to an external entity. The Statement of Net Assets Current Assets and Current Liabilities balances therefore does not include the amount of this loan.

MONTANA BOARD OF HOUSING
A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF MONTANA
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007)

Combined Totals

	8 FY 2007	778,839 \$ 44,069,482 429,871 11,546,853 283,404 316,117 522,926 379,045	3,793 (1,022,965) 846 64,270 1,527 91 1,206 \$ 55,352,893	,834 \$ 41,455,972 2,860,236 7,006 1 144,148			\$ 49,113,915 \$ 49,113,915 7,283 6,238,978	, 283 6,238,707	7,840 139,999,133	5,123 \$ 146,237,840
6	FY 2008	& Q	1,03	46,097,834 3,229,345 1,207,006	·	(16)	0 \$ 54,193,923 3) 6,857,283	3) 6,857,283	5 146,237,840	2 \$ 153,095,123
	HOUSING MONTANA FUND	\$ 25,272 (283,700)	45	es	<u>ý</u>		(258,393)	(258,393)	2,873,345	\$ 2,614,952
	HOUSING TRUST FUND	153,515 41,908 223,477	1,350 420,250		506,325	1,057	563,373	(143,123)	4,758,300	4,615,177
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	MULTIFAMILY PROGRAM FUNDS	\$ 800,985 221,014 12,513 234,382	27,112	\$ 675,918	10,392 10,392 190,259		\$ 922,647 373,359	373,359	10,012,291	\$ 10,385,650
	MILY ALS	3,799,067 9,450,649 47,414 288,544	,681 846 132 ,333	,916 ,057	,210,230 755,659 ,238,702 237,340	587,125 103 42,741	,440	440	,904	,344
	SINGLE FAMILY PROGRAM FUND TOTALS	48,799,067 9,450,649 47,414 288,544	1,006,681 846 132 59,593,333	45,421,916 3,214,057	755 1,238 1,238		52,707,893 6,885,440	6,885,440	128,593,904	135,479,344
	1	62 80 84 44	838 846 132 021	32 32 8	51.04		90	 - 90	⁹	97 \$
	Single Family Indenture II	14,977,362 4,122,319 39,980 288,544	769,838 846 132 20,199,021	14,350,948	278,215 1,224,001 53,340	245,055 103 21,370	18,428,215	1,770,806	78,492,891	80,263,697
	Sing	₩	နှ	€			€			s
	Single Family Indenture I	\$ 33,821,705 5,328,330 7,434	236,843	\$ 31,070,968 2,138,425	30,033 477,444 14,701 184,000		\$ 34,279,678	5,114,634	50,101,013	\$ 55,215,647
		ge Loans nents ance	Net Increase (Lecrease) in Fair Value of Investments Other Income Securities Lending Gross Income Total Operating Revenues	OPERATING EXPENSES Interest on Bonds Servicer Fees	Collidaced Services Amortization of Bond Issuance Costs General and Administrative Arthirane Baharta Evonance	e nefits	Total Operating Expenses Operating Income (Loss) Before Transfers	Payment to Primary Government Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	Net Assets, Beginning of Year Prior Period Adjustment	Net Assets, End of Year

A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF MONTANA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007) MONTANA BOARD OF HOUSING

															Combined Totals	d Tota	ls.
	ÿ.	Single Family	رة ا	Single Family	P. P.	SINGLE FAMILY PROGRAM FUND	글	MULTI PRO	MULTIFAMILY PROGRAM	Ę Ę	HOUSING	₹ § į	HOUSING MONTANA				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITY		- Luceum		III alimine II		0 H C			200	2					2008		7007
Receipts for Sales and Services	↔	7,434	€	4,200	69	11,634		€	17,365	. 49	223,221	€9	•	↔	252,220	↔	311,222
Collections on Loans and Interest on Loans		89,271,083		63,075,779		152,346,862	162	~	,791,027		421,513		62,434		154,621,836		143,401,084
Cash payments for Loans		(189,002,502)		(16,793,020)		(205,795,522)	(22)	Ī	(219,000)	£,	(1,242,553)	Ŭ	(191,941)		(207,449,016)		(191,659,532)
Federal Financial Assistance Receipts		0		287,647		287,647	747		234,382				٠		522,029		377,519
Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services		(2,087,088)		(2,499,250)		(4,586,338)	(38)		(109,432)	Ŭ	(258,787)		24		(4,954,533)		(4,454,975)
Payments to Employees				(724,021)		(724,021)	(121		(130,372)	_	(317,042)		F		(1,171,435)		(954,809)
Other Operating Revenues				37,523		37,523	523		104		255		1		37,882		70,723
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(101,811,073)	8	43,388,858	ક્ક	(58,422,215)		\$ 1	1,584,074	\$ (1,	(1,173,393)	\$	(129,483)	မှ	(58,141,017)	€	(52,908,768)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:																	
Payment of Principal and Interest on Bonds and Notes	€\$	(76,679,299)	↔	(46,404,640)	⇔	(123,083,939)		€9	(970,685)	€	,	↔	•	€9.	(124,054,624)	₩.	(173,406,804)
Proceeds from Issuance of Bonds and Notes		107,632,987		1		107,632,987	187		1		,		٠		107,632,987		239,910,000
Payment of Bond Issuance Costs		(646,059)		1		(646,059)	(69)		,		•				(646,059)		(2,565,797)
Premium Paid on Refunding Bonds				*					•		•		•				4,942,494
Due From (To) Other Funds*		(188,563)		188,563					,		,				1		0
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	\$	30,119,066	8	(46,216,077)	8	(16,097,011)		8	(970,685)			€9	-	69	(17,067,696)	€>	68,879,893
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL ACTIVITIES																	
Purchase of fixed assets	↔	•	↔		€9		1			€9	,			↔	•	↔	(22,329)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:																	
Purchase of Investments	€>	(509, 294, 453)	€9	(367,140,861)	↔	(876,435,314)		9)	(6,331,000)	€>	(55,864)		(3,236)	↔	(882,825,414)	↔	(1,049,382,465)
Proceeds from Sales or Maturities of Investments		573,452,948		365,466,457		938,919,405	105	2	2,365,377						941,284,782		1,030,239,300
Interest on Investments		4,338,164		3,764,487		8,102,651	51		216,041		47,285		1,478		8,367,455		9,442,396
Arbitrage Rebate Tax		(267,314)		(290,468)		(557,782)	(82)				,		•		(557,782)		(300,485)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	8	68,229,345	8	1,799,615	\$	70,028,960	1	\$ (3	(3,749,582)	69	(8,579)	8	(1,758)	89	66,269,041	es l	(10,001,254)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalent	€	(3,462,662)	↔	(1,027,604)	↔	(4,490,266)		\$ (3	(3,136,193)	& 	(1,181,972)	9	(131,241)	↔	(8,939,672)	€	5,947,542
Cash and Cash Equivalents, beginning bal.	69	4,481,299	↔	3,683,903	↔	8,165,202		€	3,370,718	\$ '2	2,088,740		193,318	↔	13,817,978	မာ	7,870,436
Cash and Cash Equivalents, ending bal.	€9	1,018,637	↔	2,656,299	↔	3,674,936		€	234,525	G	906,768	€9	62,077	↔	4,878,306	↔	13,817,978

Board's Statement of Net Assets because it is not an obligation to an external entity. The Statement of Net Assets Current Assets and Current Liabilities balances therefore * Interfund Payable & Receivable records a temporary loan between Board program funds that is expected to be repaid within one year. The loan is excluded from the does not include the amount of this loan.

MONTANA BOARD OF HOUSING
A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF MONTANA
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007)

													Combined Totals (Memorandum Only)	Total um Or	s niy)
	Sing	Single Family Indenture I	Sing	Single Family Indenture II	PRO	SINGLE FAMILY PROGRAM FUND TOTALS	MULTIFAMILY PROGRAM FUNDS	AMILY RAM DS	HOUSING TRUST FUND	Ω	HOUSING MONTANA FUND		FY 2008	u.	FY 2007
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES										 					
Operating Income	69	5,114,634	&	1,770,806	↔	6,885,440	.დ	373,359	\$ (143,123)	3) &	(258,393)	↔	6,857,283	↔	6,238,978
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING															
INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY															
(USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					,	į						•	6	•	
Depreciation	છ	7,507	€9	7,666	↔	15,173	es.	₩.	\$ 5,729	s	•	5 9	20,920	∌	23,855
Amortization		(510,151)		(2,158,979)		(2,669,130)		33,407			•		(2,635,723)		350,462
Interest Expense		32,284,860		15,020,004		47,304,864	Õ	668,512		,	11,926		47,985,302		42,749,511
Interest on Investments		(3,907,472)		(1,286,100)		(5,193,572)	Ē	(183,568)	(47,285)	2)	1,388		(5,423,037)	_	(11,473,225)
Arbitrage Rebate Tax		(83,349)		53,340		(30,009)		•		1	•		(30,009)		356,308
Change in Assets and Liabilities:															
Decr (Incr) in Mortgage Loans Receivable	_	(133,323,931)		30,921,789		(102,402,142)		767,417	(873,387)	5	(157,924)	_	(102,666,036)	٣	(87,367,047)
Decr (Incr) in Other Assets		(1,791,034)		(223,729)		(2,014,763)		130	(90,467)	<u>(</u>	273,518		(1,831,582)		(974,087)
(Incr) Decr in Fair Value of Investments		(236,843)		(769,837)		(1,006,680)	_	(27,112)					(1,033,792)		1,022,965
Incr (Decr) in Accounts Payable		(68,780)		124,325		55,545	_	(49,026)	(38,759)	6	į		(32,240)		168,594
Incr (Decr) in Deferred Reservation & Disc. Fees		680,125		(93,788)		586,337		1			i		586,337		(4,020,206)
Incr (Decr) in Compensated Absences Payable	•	23,361		23,361		46,722		937	13,901	-	٠		61,560		15,124
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	(101,811,073)	s	43,388,858	69	(58,422,215)	\$ 1,5	1,584,074	\$ (1,173,391)	의 왕	(129,485)	8	(58,141,017)	\$	(52,908,768)